

Booklet 12

Betashares Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund (ARSN 652 043 171)

Betashares Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund (ARSN 652 043 582)

Annual Financial Report

30 June 2026

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Contents

	Page
Directors' report	2
Auditor's independence declaration	5
Statements of comprehensive income	6
Statements of financial position	7
Statements of changes in equity	8
Statements of cash flows	9
Notes to the financial statements	10
Directors' declaration	34
Independent auditor's report to the unitholders	35
Supplementary information	37

Directors' report

The directors of Betashares Capital Ltd, the Responsible Entity of the following managed investment funds (the "Funds"), present their report together with the annual financial statements of the Funds for the financial year ended 30 June 2026 and the auditor's report thereon.

Fund Name	Referred to in this document as	Financial reporting period	ARSN
Betashares Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund	1 July 2025 to 30 June 2026	652 043 171
Betashares Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	1 July 2025 to 30 June 2026	652 043 582

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Funds is Betashares Capital Ltd (ABN 78 139 566 868). The Responsible Entity's registered office and principal place of business is Level 46, 180 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

Principal activities

The principal activity of each Fund is to invest in accordance with the investment objective and guidelines as set out in the Fund's current Product Disclosure Statement and its Constitution.

The Funds did not have any employees during the financial year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Funds' activities during the financial year.

Financial statements presentation

The Funds are entities of the kind referred to by *ASIC Corporations (Related Scheme Reports) Instrument 2025/438* and in accordance with that instrument, Funds with a common Responsible Entity (or related Responsible Entities) can include their financial reports in adjacent columns in a single set of financial reports.

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Betashares Capital Ltd during the financial year or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report:

Mr Alex Vynokur (appointed 21 September 2009)
Mr Jason Gellert (appointed 5 March 2021)
Mr Edward Sippel (appointed 5 March 2021)

Review and results of operations

During the financial year, the Funds continued to invest in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in their governing documents and in accordance with the provisions of the Funds' Constitutions.

The results of operations of the Funds are disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income. The income distributions payable by each of the Funds are disclosed in the statements of financial position. The income distributions paid and payable by each of the Funds are disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Directors' report (continued)

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Funds that occurred during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

Since the end of the financial year, the Directors have approved a change in the investment strategy of the Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund and the Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund, effective 21 September 2026, and have agreed to convert the Funds into exchange-traded funds (ETFs), effective 1 October 2026.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2026 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Funds in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Funds in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The results of the Funds' operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Funds invest. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operation of the Funds and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Funds.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditor

No insurance premiums are paid out of the assets of the Funds in regard to insurance cover provided to either the officers of Betashares Capital Ltd or the auditor of the Funds. So long as the officers of Betashares Capital Ltd act in accordance with the Funds' Constitutions and the law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Funds against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Funds. The auditor of the Funds is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Funds.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Funds by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of the Funds' property during the financial year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of the Funds' property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the financial year.

The number of interests in the Funds held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

Interests in the Funds

The movement in units on issue in the Funds during the financial year is disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements. The value of the Funds' assets and liabilities is disclosed on the statements of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Directors' report (continued)

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Funds are not subject to any significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Funds are entities of the kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183* and in accordance with that instrument, amounts in the financial report and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

Compensation (ASIC Regulatory Guide 94 Unit pricing: Guide to good practice)

The Responsible Entity will apply a \$20 minimum to compensation amounts in respect of any unit pricing errors for exited investors.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Alex Vynokur
Director

Sydney
18 September 2026



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of Betashares Capital Limited, the Responsible Entity for the following Funds:

Betashares Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund

Betashares Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of the financial reports of the Funds for the financial year ended 30 June 2026 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A stylized, handwritten signature of the KPMG firm, appearing as 'KPMG' in a bold, black, sans-serif font.

KPMG

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'A. Reeves'.

Andrew Reeves

Partner

Sydney

18 September 2026

Statements of comprehensive income

	Notes	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
		30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Investment income					
Interest income		8	6	30	12
Dividend and distribution income		1,085	565	635	562
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(5,862)	3,015	2,620	4,492
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		—	—	(16)	1
Other operating income		3	—	—	—
Total net investment income/(loss)		(4,766)	3,586	3,269	5,067
Expenses					
Management fees	14	325	197	386	357
Transaction costs		6	4	10	8
Interest expenses		—	—	—	1
Other operating expenses		9	9	39	24
Total operating expenses		340	210	435	390
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	8	(5,106)	3,376	2,834	4,677
Finance costs attributable to unitholders					
Distributions to unitholders	4	(1,321)	(331)	(4,863)	(5,290)
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	3	6,427	(3,045)	2,029	613
Profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unitholders for the financial year		—	—	—	—
Other comprehensive income		—	—	—	—
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year		—	—	—	—

The above statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of financial position

		Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
		30 June 2026	30 June 2025	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		Notes			
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		203	219	40	69
Cash held on collateral		27	19	—	—
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		38,590	29,992	40,532	40,509
Other receivables		106	68	61	56
Total assets		38,926	30,298	40,633	40,634
Liabilities					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		3	—	—	—
Distributions payable		966	183	4,863	5,290
Other payables		161	21	146	28
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		1,130	204	5,009	5,318
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability		37,796	30,094	35,624	35,316

The above statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of changes in equity

	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year	—	—	—	—
Comprehensive income for the financial year				
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	—	—	—	—
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year	—	—	—	—
Transactions with unitholders				
Applications	—	—	—	—
Redemptions	—	—	—	—
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	—	—	—	—
Distributions to unitholders	—	—	—	—
Total transactions with unitholders	—	—	—	—
Total equity at the end of the financial year	—	—	—	—

The above statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Under Australian Accounting Standards, net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result, there was no equity at the start or the end of the financial year.

Statements of cash flows

	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities				
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	9,156	7,006	29,186	20,260
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(23,613)	(15,134)	(26,605)	(14,612)
Movements in cash held on collateral	(8)	(19)	—	—
Dividends and distributions received	1,050	566	631	557
Interest income received	8	5	30	12
Other operating income received	3	—	—	—
Management fees paid	(317)	(188)	(385)	(356)
Interest expense paid	—	—	—	(1)
Transaction costs paid	(6)	(4)	(10)	(8)
Other operating expenses paid	(12)	(10)	(40)	(24)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(13,739)	(7,778)	2,807	5,828
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from applications by unitholders	20,122	9,177	18,837	6,967
Payments for redemptions by unitholders	(5,861)	(920)	(16,383)	(10,356)
Distributions paid	(538)	(262)	(5,290)	(2,435)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	13,723	7,995	(2,836)	(5,824)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(16)	217	(29)	4
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	219	2	69	62
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	—	—	—	3
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	203	219	40	69

The above statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Contents of the notes to the financial statements

	Page
1 General information	11
2 Summary of material accounting policies	11
3 Net assets attributable to unitholders	18
4 Distributions to unitholders	19
5 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	19
6 Other receivables	20
7 Other payables	20
8 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	20
9 Financial risk management	21
10 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities	26
11 Fair value measurements	27
12 Derivative financial instruments	30
13 Auditor's remuneration	31
14 Related party transactions	32
15 Events occurring after the financial year	33
16 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments	33

1 General information

These financial statements cover the following managed investment funds (the "Funds"). The Funds are registered managed investment schemes under the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Responsible Entity cannot issue or redeem any units from the 80th anniversary of the day before the day the Funds commenced if that issue or redemption would cause a contravention of the rule against perpetuities or any other rule of law or equity. The Funds may be terminated in accordance with the provisions of their Constitutions. The Funds are domiciled in Australia.

Abbreviated Fund Name	Registered Date	Commenced Date	Financial reporting period
Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund	29 July 2021	13 December 2021	1 July 2025 to 30 June 2026
Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	29 July 2021	13 December 2021	1 July 2025 to 30 June 2026

The Responsible Entity of the Funds is Betashares Capital Ltd (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 46, 180 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors of the Responsible Entity on 18 September 2026. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of material accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all financial years presented unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia.

The Funds operated solely in one segment which is the business of investment management within Australia.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is in the Funds' functional currency.

The statements of financial position are presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders.

Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Funds also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

New and amended standards adopted by the Funds

There are no new accounting standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the financial year beginning 1 July 2025 that had a material impact on the Funds.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

New accounting standards and interpretations not yet adopted

AASB 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

AASB 18 was issued in June 2024 and replaces AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*. The new standard introduces new requirements for the statements of comprehensive income including:

- new categories for the classification of income and expenses into operating, investing and financing categories, and
- presentation of subtotals for “operating profit” and “profit before financing and income taxes”.

Additional disclosure requirements are introduced for management-defined performance measures and new principles for aggregation and disaggregation of information in the notes and the primary financial statements and the presentation of interest and dividends in the statements of cash flows. The new standard is effective for annual financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2027 and will first apply to the Funds for the financial year ending 30 June 2028.

This new standard is not expected to have an impact on the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, however there will likely be changes in how the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position line items are presented as well as some additional disclosures in the notes to the financial statements. The Funds are in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard.

AASB S2 Climate-related Disclosures

Under the new Australian Sustainability Reporting Standard (ASRS) S2 released in Australia in September 2024, the Funds have an increased responsibility to assess, manage, and disclose climate related risks.

This new standard is not expected to have an impact on the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. However, it is expected to result in additional disclosures, as the standard requires the Funds to report on their approach to managing climate-related risks and opportunities within their operations and investment portfolios. The Funds are in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard and the climate risk reports outlining the information will likely be applicable to the Funds for the 30 June 2027 financial year and after as applicable.

Use of estimates and judgement

Management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. These estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

For the majority of the Funds' financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and regularly reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity, independent of the area that created them.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers and payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Investment entity exception

The Funds meet the definition of an investment entity and therefore apply the investment entity amendments to AASB 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* ("AASB 10"), AASB 12 *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities* and AASB 127 *Separate Financial Statements*. AASB 10 is applicable to all investees; among other things, it requires the consolidation of an investee if the Funds control the investee on the basis of de facto circumstances. An exception however exists where an entity meets the definition of an investment entity.

The Funds meet the definition of investment entity due to the following factors:

- (a) the Funds obtain funds from one or more unitholders for the purpose of providing the unitholders with investment management services;
- (b) the Funds commit to their unitholders that their business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both; and
- (c) the Funds measure and evaluate the performance of substantially all of their investments on a fair value basis.

In making the above assessments, the Funds have multiple investments and multiple investors. Their investors are generally unrelated parties of the Funds. Unitholders invest for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both. Directors of the Responsible Entity have concluded that the Funds meet the definition of investment entity.

Assessment of the Funds' investments as structured entities

The Funds have assessed whether the securities in which they invest are structured entities. The Funds have considered the voting rights and other similar rights afforded to investors in any managed investment funds in which they invest, including the rights to remove the fund manager or redeem holdings. The Funds have assessed whether these rights are the dominant factor in controlling the relevant funds, or whether the contractual agreement with the fund manager is the dominant factor in controlling such funds. The Funds have concluded that any managed investment funds in which it invests are not structured entities.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Funds classify their investments based on their business model for managing those financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. The Funds' portfolios of financial assets are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Funds' documented investment strategy. The Funds evaluate the information about their investments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

Listed equity securities, listed unit trusts and derivatives are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Funds recognise financial assets and financial liabilities on the date they become party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognise changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Recognition/derecognition (continued)

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Funds have transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Funds measure a financial asset or liability at its fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the statements of comprehensive income as incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all investments are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value measurement are presented in the statements of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss during the financial year.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Further details on how the fair value of the financial instruments is determined are disclosed in Note 11.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

The Funds consider their net assets attributable to unitholders as liability as each Fund did not meet the closely-held condition and as a result did not satisfy the requirement to be an Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT").

Units are normally redeemable by unitholders at the unitholders' option. The units can be put back to the Funds at any time (subject to the *Corporations Act 2001* and the Funds' Constitutions) for cash. The fair value of redeemable units is measured at the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) at the end of the reporting period if unitholders exercised their right to redeem units in the Funds.

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. Where the Funds' units are classified as liabilities, movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the statements of comprehensive income as finance costs.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash approximates fair value.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(d) Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Funds' main income generating activity.

(e) Cash held on collateral

Cash held on collateral includes margin accounts. Margin accounts are cash held to cover derivative contracts deposits. These amounts are held by the relevant derivatives counterparties as securities. If losses are realised, the cash balances may be set off against these losses and if profits are realised on the close out of derivative contracts, the money is returned to the Funds.

(f) Investment income

Interest income earned on cash balances is recognised on an accrual basis in the statements of comprehensive income using the nominated interest rates available on the bank accounts held. Interest income earned from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 2(b).

Dividend and distribution income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statements of comprehensive income within dividend income and distribution income when the Funds' right to receive payments is established.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlements basis and stated net of foreign withholding tax.

(g) Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the statements of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

(h) Income tax

The Funds are not subject to income tax as all taxable income and other relevant amounts are attributed to unitholders in each financial year. Such amounts form part of unitholders' assessable incomes for the relevant financial year. The benefits of imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed onto unitholders.

(i) Distributions

Distributions are payable, either by cash or reinvestment, as set out in the Funds' Product Disclosure Statements and/or Funds' Constitutions.

Distributions to unitholders are recognised in the statements of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(j) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Funds' financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Funds compete for funds and are regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Funds' presentation currency.

ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at financial year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statements of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the statements of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(k) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers (if applicable) represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the financial year. Trades are recorded on trade date, and normally settled within two business days. These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on amounts due from broker at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance.

(l) Other receivables

Other receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest, applications, RITC receivable and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of each financial year from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(f) above. The Funds' receivables are measured at amortised cost under AASB 9 *Financial Instruments* and the impact of any expected credit losses (ECL) is not material as amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables. The carrying amount of receivables approximates fair value.

(m) Other payables

Other payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Funds which are unpaid as at the end of the financial year.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the end of each financial year is recognised separately in the statements of financial position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(n) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Funds are recorded net of any entry fees payable (if applicable) prior to the issue of units in the Funds. Redemptions from the Funds are recorded gross of any exit fees payable (if applicable) after the cancellation of units redeemed. Applications receivable and redemptions payable are included under other receivables or other payables in the statements of financial position.

(o) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Funds by third parties such as custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Funds. The Funds qualify for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of 55% to 93%; hence investment management fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statements of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST net of RITC. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO as a RITC is included in receivables in the statements of financial position.

(p) Rounding of amounts

The Funds are entities of the kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183*, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

3 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are normally redeemable by unitholders being Authorised Participants at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders. The units can be put back to the Funds at any time for cash, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Funds' net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

The Funds' units are classified as a liability as they do not meet the definition of a financial instrument to be classified as equity.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the financial year were as follows:

	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund				Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund			
	30 June 2026 Units '000	30 June 2025 Units '000	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2026 Units '000	30 June 2025 Units '000	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Net assets attributable to unitholders								
Opening balance	2,658	1,997	30,094	19,618	3,199	3,557	35,316	39,758
Applications	1,874	744	20,122	8,351	1,689	533	18,837	6,527
Redemptions	(628)	(83)	(5,993)	(920)	(1,573)	(891)	(16,500)	(10,356)
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	–	–	(6,427)	3,045	–	–	(2,029)	(613)
Closing balance	3,904	2,658	37,796	30,094	3,315	3,199	35,624	35,316

Capital risk management.

The Funds consider their net assets attributable to unitholders as liabilities. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Funds are subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of eligible unitholders.

Under the terms of the Funds' Constitutions, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

4 Distributions to unitholders

Distributions are payable as set out in the Funds' Product Disclosure Statement and/or Funds' Constitution. Such distributions are recognised as payable when they are determined by the Responsible Entity.

The distribution amounts and cents per unit (CPU) for the financial year were as follows:

	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund				Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund			
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2026 CPU	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2025 CPU	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2026 CPU	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2025 CPU
Distributions paid - December	355	10.47	148	6.76	—	—	—	—
Distributions payable - June	966	24.74	183	6.89	4,863	146.73	5,290	165.38
Total distributions	1,321	35.21	331	13.65	4,863	146.73	5,290	165.38

The distribution information shown above refers to distributions paid/payable by the relevant Fund for the financial year.

5 Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

The Funds measure and recognise the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed equity securities	30,897	24,557	38,893	38,984
Listed unit trusts	7,693	5,435	1,639	1,525
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	38,590	29,992	40,532	40,509
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed futures	3	—	—	—
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	3	—	—	—

6 Other receivables

Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
30 June 2026	30 June 2025	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
98	63	52	48
1	1	—	—
7	4	9	8
106	68	61	56

Dividends and distributions receivable
Interest receivable
GST receivable
Total other receivables

7 Other payables

Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
30 June 2026	30 June 2025	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
132	—	117	—
29	21	29	28
161	21	146	28

Redemptions payable
Management fees payable
Total other payables

8 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
30 June 2026	30 June 2025	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
(5,106)	3,376	2,834	4,677
9,156	7,006	29,186	20,260
(23,613)	(15,134)	(26,605)	(14,612)
5,862	(3,015)	(2,620)	(4,492)
(8)	(19)	—	—
(38)	(1)	(5)	(5)
—	—	16	(1)
8	9	1	1
(13,739)	(7,778)	2,807	5,828

Profit/(loss) for the financial year
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss
Movements in cash held on collateral
Net change in receivables and other assets
Net foreign exchange (gains)/losses
Net change in payables and other liabilities
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

9 Financial risk management

The Funds primarily invest in a portfolio of securities listed on Australian and global financial markets.

The Funds' activities expose them to a variety of financial risks which may include: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), counterparty/credit risk and liquidity risk. The Funds use different methods to measure different types of risk to which they are exposed. Methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of price risk.

The Funds' overall risk management programmes focus on ensuring compliance with the Funds' Product Disclosure Statements (PDSs). Financial risk management is carried out by an investment manager under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity (the Board).

The Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Funds' risk management framework. The Funds' overall risk management programmes focus on ensuring compliance with the Funds' PDSs and investment guidelines.

Compliance with the Funds' PDSs, Constitutions and investment guidelines is reported to the Board on a regular basis.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity market prices will affect the Funds' income or the carrying value of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

Included in the following analysis are tables that summarise the sensitivity of the operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to changes in market prices (e.g. equity price, foreign exchange rates and interest rates). The analysis is based on reasonably possible movements in the specified risk variable with other variables held constant. Actual movements in the risk variables in any financial year may be greater or less than indicated. The market price risk information is intended to be a relative estimate of risk rather than a precise and accurate number. It represents a hypothetical outcome and is not intended to be predictive. The analysis is based on historical data and cannot take account of the fact that future market price movements (e.g. in times of market stress) may bear no relation to historical patterns.

(i) Price risk

The Funds are exposed to equity securities and derivatives price risk. This arises from investments held by the Funds for which prices in the future are uncertain. Equity securities and derivatives are classified on the statements of financial position as at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital.

The Funds' overall market positions are reported to the Board on a regular basis.

Sensitivity analysis

A 10% movement at the report date of the market prices attributable to financial assets or financial liabilities by the relevant Funds would have the following impact on the Funds' profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unitholders. The calculations include the impact of any derivatives that may be held by a Fund. It is assumed that the relevant change occurs at the balance date.

9 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Price risk (continued)

	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
+10% Price movement - impact on the Funds' profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unitholders	3,881	3,021	4,053	4,051
-10% Price movement - impact on the Funds' profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unitholders	(3,881)	(3,021)	(4,053)	(4,051)

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is not considered to be significant to the Funds other than its cash holdings.

(iii) Foreign exchange risk

The Funds may hold both monetary and non-monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk not foreign exchange risk. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary assets denominated in other currencies fluctuates due to changes in exchange rates. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

Betashares Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund is not significantly exposed to foreign currency risk.

9 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The tables below summarise the Fund's assets and liabilities, monetary and non-monetary, that are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar (calculated after the effect of associated foreign currency derivatives). The disclosures below represent the significant currency exposures of Fund at each respective reporting date.

	Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund						
30 June 2026	USD	EUR	JPY	CAD	CHF	Others	Total
Assets	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	19	2	14	1	1	6	43
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	29,195	4,829	2,833	1,220	1,116	1,339	40,532
Other receivables	15	12	—	5	17	2	51
Total	29,229	4,843	2,847	1,226	1,134	1,347	40,626
Increase/(decrease) in foreign currency exposure	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net foreign currency exposure	29,229	4,843	2,847	1,226	1,134	1,347	40,626
	Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund						
30 June 2025	USD	EUR	JPY	CAD	SEK	Others	Total
Assets	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	16	5	8	2	1	9	41
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	32,041	3,955	1,848	1,171	555	939	40,509
Other receivables	12	8	1	4	-	23	48
Total	32,069	3,968	1,857	1,177	556	971	40,598
Increase/(decrease) in foreign currency exposure	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net foreign currency exposure	32,069	3,968	1,857	1,177	556	971	40,598

9 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The table below summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's foreign currency exposures to foreign exchange risk.

	Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Impact on the profit/(loss) from activities and net assets attributable to unitholders		
10% AUD appreciation against foreign currency (2025:10%)	4,063	4,060
10% AUD depreciation against foreign currency would have an equal, but opposite effect to the amounts shown in the table above.		

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Funds.

The main concentration of credit risk to which the Funds are exposed arise from the Funds' investment in cash and cash equivalents and other receivables.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is considered low as the Funds only invest their assets into bank deposit accounts held with banks that are regulated in Australia by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority as authorised deposit taking institutions, and all counterparties have a credit rating of at least A.

In accordance with the Funds' policy, the Responsible Entity monitors the Funds' credit position on a regular basis.

At 30 June 2026, the custody of the Funds' assets is mainly concentrated with one counterparty, namely Citigroup Pty Ltd. Citigroup Pty Ltd is a subsidiary of a company listed on a major securities exchange, and at 30 June 2026 had a credit rating of A+ by Standard & Poor's (S&P) (30 June 2025: "A+" by S&P). At 30 June 2026, substantially all cash and cash equivalents, balances due from brokers and investments are held in custody by Citigroup Pty Ltd.

9 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Settlement of securities transactions

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered low, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

(iii) Other

The Funds are not materially exposed to credit risk on other financial assets.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Funds will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Funds are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. The Funds' investments in cash and cash equivalents are considered to be readily realisable and the Funds maintain adequate liquidity to pay withdrawals and distributions when required.

Certain Funds may invest in derivative contracts traded over the counter, which are not traded in an organised market and may be illiquid. As a result, the Funds may not be able to quickly liquidate their investments in these instruments at an amount close to their fair value to meet their liquidity requirements or to respond to specific events such as deterioration in the creditworthiness of any particular issuer or counterparty.

The following tables analyse the Funds' derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the tables are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund							
	On demand	Less than	Greater than	Total	On demand	Less than	Greater than
	30 June	6 months	6 months	30 June	30 June	6 months	6 months
	2026	2026	2026	2026	2025	2025	2025
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Distributions payable	–	966	–	966	–	183	–
Other payables	–	161	–	161	–	21	–
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	37,796	–	–	37,796	30,094	–	–
Contractual cash flows (excluding net settled derivatives)	37,796	1,127	–	38,923	30,094	204	–
Listed futures	–	3	–	3	–	–	–
Net settled derivatives	–	3	–	3	–	–	–

9 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

	Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund							
	On demand 30 June 2026 \$'000	Less than 6 months 30 June 2026 \$'000	Greater than 6 months 30 June 2026 \$'000	Total 30 June 2026 \$'000	On demand 30 June 2025 \$'000	Less than 6 months 30 June 2025 \$'000	Greater than 6 months 30 June 2025 \$'000	Total 30 June 2025 \$'000
Distributions payable	–	4,863	–	4,863	–	5,290	–	5,290
Other payables	–	146	–	146	–	28	–	28
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	35,624	–	–	35,624	35,316	–	–	35,316
Contractual cash flows (excluding net settled derivatives)	35,624	5,009	–	40,633	35,316	5,318	–	40,634

10 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The gross and net positions of financial assets and liabilities that have been offset in the statements of financial position are disclosed in the first three columns of the tables below.

	Effects of offsetting on the statements of financial position			Related amounts not offset in the statements of financial position		
	Gross amounts of financial assets/ (liabilities)	Gross amounts set off in the statements of financial position	Net amount of financial assets/ (liabilities) presented in the statements of financial position	Financial instruments (including non- cash collateral)	Stock and cash collateral pledged	Net amounts
Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund						
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 30 June 2026						
Financial liabilities						
Listed futures	(3)	–	(3)	–	3	–
Total	(3)	–	(3)	–	3	–

Agreements with over-the-counter derivative counterparties are based on the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreement. Under the terms of these arrangements, only when certain credit events occur (such as default), the net position owing/receivable to a single counterparty in the same currency will be taken as owing and all the relevant arrangements terminated. As the Fund does not presently have a legally enforceable right of set-off, these amounts have not been offset in the statements of financial position but have been presented separately in the above table.

11 Fair value measurements

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the financial assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the financial assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Fair values estimation

The carrying amounts of the Funds' assets and liabilities at the end of each reporting period approximate their fair values.

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in statements of comprehensive income.

(i) Fair value in an active market (Level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Funds value their investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2. For the majority of their investments, the Funds rely on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of their investments. The quoted market price used for financial assets and liabilities is the last traded price. Where the last traded price does not fall within the bid-ask spread, an assessment is performed by management to determine the appropriate valuation price to use that is most representative of fair value.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of units held in listed equity securities and ETFs are included within Level 1. The carrying value of the net assets attributable to unitholders for ETFs differs from its fair value due to differences in valuation inputs of ETFs, which are not valued at quoted market price.

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (Level 2)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques that maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Financial assets and liabilities that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These include certain securities and over-the-counter derivatives.

11 Fair value measurements (continued)

(iii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (Level 3)

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3. This is the case for instruments where risk gives rise to a significant unobservable adjustment. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

The carrying amounts of the Funds' assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date approximate their fair values.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions. For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions. The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Funds hold. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

(iv) Recognised fair value measurement

The tables below set out the Funds' financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy:

Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund							
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2026	2026	2026	2026	2025	2025	2025
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:							
Listed equity securities	30,897	–	–	30,897	24,543	–	14
Listed unit trusts	7,693	–	–	7,693	5,435	–	–
Total	38,590	–	–	38,590	29,978	–	14
Financial liabilities							
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:							
Listed futures	3	–	–	3	–	–	–
Total	3	–	–	3	–	–	–

11 Fair value measurements (continued)

(iv) Recognised fair value measurement (continued)

	Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund							
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2026	2026	2026	2026	2025	2025	2025	2025
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets								
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:								
Listed equity securities	38,893	—	—	38,893	38,984	—	—	38,984
Listed unit trusts	1,639	—	—	1,639	1,525	—	—	1,525
Total	40,532	—	—	40,532	40,509	—	—	40,509

(v) Transfers between levels

There were no transfers between levels during the financial year ended 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

(vi) Movement in Level 3 instruments

The following table presents the Fund that had movement in level 3 instruments for the financial year ended 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025 by class of financial instrument:

		Listed securities	
		Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
		30 June	30 June
		2026	2025
		\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance		14	22
Sales		—	(1)
Gains/(losses) recognised in profit or loss*		(14)	(7)
Closing balance		—	14
Total gains/(losses) for the financial year included in the statements of comprehensive income*		14	(7)

*includes unrealised gains or (losses) recognised in profit or loss attributable to balances held at the end of the financial year.

11 Fair value measurements (continued)

(vi) Movement in Level 3 instruments (continued)

Valuation process

Portfolio reviews are undertaken regularly by management to identify securities that potentially may not be actively traded or have stale security pricing. This process identifies securities which possibly could be regarded as level 3 securities.

Further analysis, should it be required, is undertaken to determine the accounting significance of the identification. For certain security types, in selecting the most appropriate valuation model, management performs back testing and considers actual market transactions. Changes in allocation to or from Level 3 are analysed at the end of each financial year.

During the period, ASX listed company, Leo Lithium Ltd (ASX: LLL), which had been suspended during the 2024 financial year and classified as Level 3, has returned capital to the shareholders. As a result, the Betashares Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund received proceeds amounting to \$13,287 from the return of capital.

(vii) Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value

The carrying value of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

12 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business certain Funds may enter into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, listed futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Funds' portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility;
- a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Funds.

12 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Certain Funds hold the following derivative instruments:

Futures contracts

Listed futures are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. The futures contracts are collateralised by cash or marketable securities. Changes in futures contracts' values are usually settled net daily with the exchange.

Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund held listed futures which is rounded to nil for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

The following Fund held derivative instruments (amounts in positive indicates long/buy and amounts in negative indicates short/sell):

	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund					
	Contract/ notional	Assets	Liabilities	Contract/ notional	Assets	Liabilities
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2026 \$'000	2026 \$'000	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000	2025 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Listed futures	219	–	3	213	–	–
	219	–	3	213	–	–

13 Auditor's remuneration

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Funds. Audit fees were borne by Betashares Holdings Pty Ltd, the parent entity of the Responsible Entity:

	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
	30 June 2026 \$	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2026 \$	30 June 2025 \$
KPMG				
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>				
Audit and review of financial reports	4,287	4,174	4,287	4,174
Audit of compliance plan	1,250	1,369	1,250	1,369
Total remuneration of audit and other assurance services	5,537	5,543	5,537	5,543

14 Related party transactions

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Funds is Betashares Capital Ltd (ABN 78 139 566 868), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Betashares Financial Group Pty Ltd (ABN 58 646 305 517).

Key management personnel

The Funds do not employ personnel in their own right. However, the Funds are required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage the activities and this is considered to be key management personnel. The directors of the Responsible Entity, which are key management personnel of the Responsible Entity, during or since the end of the financial year are:

(a) Directors

Mr Alex Vynokur (appointed 21 September 2009)

Mr Jason Gellert (appointed 5 March 2021)

Mr Edward Sippel (appointed 5 March 2021)

(b) Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Funds, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

Responsible Entity's management fees and other transactions

The Responsible Entity's fees are calculated in accordance with the Funds' Constitutions. The Responsible Entity's fees comprise a management fee (after taking account of GST and reduced input tax credits), which are calculated as a percentage of the net asset value of the Funds and are disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income. The following table discloses the Responsible Entity's fees for 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025:

Funds	Management Fee	
	30 June 2026 %	30 June 2025 %
Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund	0.85	0.85
Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	0.85	0.85

14 Related party transactions (continued)

Responsible Entity's management fees and other transactions (continued)

The related party transactions during the financial year and amounts payable at financial year end were as follows:

	Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund		Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Management fees expensed to the Responsible Entity	325,236	197,071	386,175	356,540
Management fees payable to the Responsible Entity as at reporting date	28,725	21,219	29,258	28,413

Related party unitholdings

Parties related to the Funds, including the Responsible Entity, its affiliates or other Funds managed by the Responsible Entity, held no units in the Funds during the financial year or comparative financial year.

Investments

The Funds did not hold any investments in other Funds managed by the Responsible Entity or its related parties.

15 Events occurring after the financial year

Since the end of the financial year, the Directors have approved a change in the investment strategy of the Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund and the Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund, effective 21 September 2026, and have agreed to convert the Funds into exchange-traded funds (ETFs), effective 1 October 2026.

No other significant events have occurred since the end of the financial year which would impact on the financial position of the Funds disclosed in the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2026 or on the results and cash flows of the Funds for the financial year ended on that date.

16 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

Directors' declaration

Betashares Capital Ltd presents the Directors' Declaration in respect of the following Funds:

Betashares Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund
Betashares Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund

In the opinion of the directors of Betashares Capital Ltd, the Responsible Entity of the Funds:

(a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 33 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, and interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Funds' financial positions as at 30 June 2026 and of their performance for the financial year ended on that date;

(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Funds will be able to pay their debts as and when they become due and payable; and

(c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Betashares Capital Ltd.



Alex Vynokur
Director

Sydney
18 September 2026



Independent Auditor's Report

To the respective unitholders of the following Funds:

Betashares Australian Faith-Based Leaders Fund

Betashares Global Faith-Based Leaders Fund

For the purpose of this report, the term Fund and Funds denote the individual and distinct entity for which the financial information is prepared and upon which our audit is performed. Each is to be read as a singular subject matter.

Opinions

We have audited each of the **Financial Reports** of the Funds.

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Report of each Fund gives a true and fair view, including of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its financial performance for the year then ended, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, in compliance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The respective **Financial Reports** of the individual Funds comprise:

- Statements of financial position as at 30 June 2026
- Statements of comprehensive income, Statements of changes in equity, and Statements of cash flows for the year then ended

- Notes, including material accounting policies
- Directors' Declaration made by the Directors of Betashares Capital Ltd (the Responsible Entity).

Basis for opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audits of the Financial Reports* section of our report.

We are independent of the Funds and the Responsible Entity in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audits of the Financial Reports in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in the respective Fund's annual report which is provided in addition to the Financial Reports and the Auditor's Report. The Directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinions on the Financial Reports do not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audits of the Financial Reports, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Reports or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Reports

The Directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Reports in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of each Fund, and in compliance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*
- implementing necessary internal controls to enable the preparation of a Financial Report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of each Fund, and that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- assessing each Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the respective Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audits of the Financial Reports

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether each of the Financial Reports as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinions.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Reports.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audits of the Financial Reports is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf
This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

KPMG

Andrew Reeves
Partner
Sydney
18 September 2026

Supplementary information

Any Betashares Fund that seeks to track the performance of a particular financial index is not sponsored, endorsed, issued, sold or promoted by the provider of the index. No index provider makes any representation regarding the advisability of buying, selling or holding units in the Betashares Funds or investing in securities generally. No index provider is involved in the operation or distribution of the Betashares Funds and no index provider shall have any liability for the operation or distribution of these Funds or their failure to achieve their investment objectives. An index provider has no obligation to take the needs of the Betashares Fund or the unitholders of the Fund into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the relevant index. Any intellectual property rights in the index name and associated trademarks, index methodology, index values and constituent lists vest in the relevant index provider and/or its affiliates. Betashares has obtained a licence from the relevant index provider to use such intellectual property rights in the creation and operation of the Betashares Funds.